

The logo for Biju Patnaik University of Technology consists of several overlapping circles in blue, black, and yellow.

**Biju Patnaik University of
Technology, Odisha B.E./B.Tech
EEE Sem 4 syllabus**

Digital Electronics

REEL4C001 Digital Electronics

Module-I: Fundamentals of Digital Systems and logic families

Digital signals, digital circuits, AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR and Exclusive-OR operations, Boolean algebra, examples of IC gates, number systems-binary, signed binary, octal hexadecimal number, binary arithmetic, one's and two's complements arithmetic, codes, error detecting and correcting codes, characteristics of digital ICs, digital logic families, TTL, Schottky TTL and CMOS logic, interfacing CMOS and TTL, Tri-state logic.

Module-II: Combinational Digital Circuits

Standard representation for logic functions, K-map representation, simplification of logic functions using K-map, minimization of logical functions. Don't care conditions, Multiplexer, De-Multiplexer/Decoders, Adders, Sub tractors, BCD arithmetic, carry look ahead adder, serial adder, ALU, elementary ALU design, popular MSI chips, digital comparator, parity checker/generator, code converters, priority encoders, decoders/drivers for display devices, Q-M method of function realization.

Module-III: Sequential circuits and systems

A 1-bit memory, the circuit properties of Bistable latch, the clocked SR flip flop, J- K-T and D-types flip flops, applications of flip flops, shift registers, applications of shift registers, serial to parallel converter, parallel to serial converter, ring counter, sequence generator, ripple(Asynchronous) counters, synchronous counters, counters design using flip flops, special counter IC's, asynchronous sequential counters, applications of counters.

Module-IV: A/D and D/A Converters

Digital to analog converters: weighted resistor/converter, R-2R Ladder D/A converter, specifications for D/A converters, examples of D/A converter ICs, sample and hold circuit, analog to digital converters: quantization and encoding, parallel comparator A/D converter, successive approximation A/D converter, counting A/D converter, dual slope A/D converter, A/D converter using voltage to frequency and voltage to time conversion, specifications of A/D converters, example of A/D converter ICs.

Module-V: Semiconductor memories and Programmable logic devices.

Memory organization and operation, expanding memory size, classification and characteristics of memories, sequential memory, read only memory (ROM), read and write memory (RAM), content addressable memory (CAM), charge de coupled device memory (CCD), commonly used memory chips, ROM as a PLD, Programmable logic array, Programmable array logic, complex Programmable logic devices (CPLDS), Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA).

Books:

- R. P. Jain, "Modern Digital Electronics", McGraw Hill Education, 2009.
- M. M. Mano, "Digital logic and Computer design", Pearson Education India, 2016.
- A. Kumar, "Fundamentals of Digital Circuits", Prentice Hall India, 2016.

Electromagnetic Theory

REE4D001 Electromagnetic Theory

Module-I

1. Cartesian, Cylindrical and Spherical Coordinate Systems; Scalar and Vector Fields; Line, Surface and Volume Integrals.
2. Coulomb's Law; The Electric Field Intensity; Electric Flux Density and Electric Flux; Gauss's Law; Divergence of Electric Flux Density: Point Form of Gauss's Law; The Divergence Theorem; The Potential Gradient; Energy Density; Poisson's and Laplace's Equations.
3. Ampere's Magnetic Circuital Law and its Applications; Curl of H; Stokes' Theorem; Divergence of B; Energy Stored in the Magnetic Field.

Module-II

1. The Continuity Equation; Faraday's Law of Electromagnetic Induction; Conduction Current: Point Form of Ohm's Law, Convection Current; The Displacement Current;
2. Maxwell's Equations in Differential Form; Maxwell's Equations in Integral Form; Maxwell's Equations for Sinusoidal Variation of Fields with Time; Boundary Conditions; The Retarded Potential; The Poynting Vector; Poynting Vector for Fields Varying Sinusoidally with Time.

Module-III

1. Solution of the One-Dimensional Wave Equation; Solution of Wave Equation for Sinusoidally Time-Varying Fields; Polarization of Uniform Plane Waves; Fields on the Surface of a Perfect Conductor; Reflection of a Uniform Plane Wave Incident Normally on a Perfect Conductor and at the Interface of Two Dielectric Regions; The Standing Wave Ratio; Oblique Incidence of a Plane Wave at the Boundary between Two Regions; Oblique Incidence of a Plane Wave on a Flat Perfect Conductor and at the Boundary between Two Perfect Dielectric Regions.

Module-IV

1. Types of Two-Conductor Transmission Lines; Circuit Model of a Uniform Two-Conductor Transmission Line; The Uniform Ideal Transmission Line; Wave Reflection at a Discontinuity in an Ideal Transmission Line; Matching of Transmission Lines with Load.

Module-V

1. Formulation of Field Equations; Wave Types; the Parallel-Plate Waveguide; the Rectangular Waveguide. TE and TM modes of propagation in a Rectangular waveguide
2. Radiation Properties of a Current Element; Radiation Properties of a Half-Wave Dipole; Yagi-Uda Antenna; the Parabolic Reflector Antenna.

Books:

- Principles of Electromagnetic, S.C. Mahapatra, S. Mahapatra, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2nd Edition, 2015.
- Principles of Electromagnetics, Mathew N.O. Sadiku & S.V. Kulkarni., Oxford University Press, 6th edition, 2009.
- Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems, E.C. Jordan and K.G. Balmain, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- Engineering Electromagnetic Essentials, B. N. Basu, University Press.

- Engineering Electromagnetic Essentials, Nathan Ida, Springer
- Engineering Electromagnetic, William H. Hayt & J. Buck, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing
- Company Ltd., New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2006
- Electromagnetic, Joseph A. Edminister, adapted by Vishnu Priye, Tata McGraw Hill
- Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2nd Edition.
- Fundamentals of Electromagnetic for Engineering, First Impression, N. N. Rao, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2009.
- Fields and Waves in Communication Electronics, Simon Ramo, Wiley Publication, 3ed, 2007.
- Electromagnetic Field Theory, Bhag Singh Guru, Cambridge Publication, 3rd Edition, 2011.

Constitution of India

RCN4F001 Constitution of India

Basic features and fundamental principles:

The Constitution of India is the supreme law of India. Parliament of India can not make any law which violates the Fundamental Rights enumerated under the Part III of the Constitution. The Parliament of India has been empowered to amend the Constitution under Article 368, however, it cannot use this power to change the “basic structure” of the constitution, which has been ruled and explained by the Supreme Court of India in its historical judgments. The Constitution of India reflects the idea of “Constitutionalism” - a modern and progressive concept historically developed by the thinkers of “liberalism” - an ideology which has been recognized as one of the most popular political ideology and result of historical struggles against arbitrary use of sovereign power by state. The historic revolutions in France, England, America and particularly European Renaissance and Reformation movement have resulted into progressive legal reforms in the form of “constitutionalism” in many countries. The Constitution of India was made by borrowing models and principles from many countries including United Kingdom and America. The Constitution of India is not only a legal document but it also reflects social, political and economic perspectives of the Indian Society. It reflects India’s legacy of “diversity”. It has been said that Indian constitution reflects ideals of its freedom movement, however, few critics have argued that it does not truly incorporate our own ancient legal heritage and cultural values. No law can be “static” and therefore the Constitution of India has also been amended more than

one hundred times. These amendments reflect political, social and economic developments since the year 1950. The Indian judiciary and particularly the Supreme Court of India has played an historic role as the guardian of people. It has been protecting not only basic ideals of the Constitution but also strengthened the same through progressive interpretations of the text of the Constitution. The judicial activism of the Supreme Court of India and its historic contributions has been recognized throughout the world and it gradually made it “as one of the strongest court in the world”.

Power Electronics

REE4C003 Power Electronics

Module-I: Power switching devices

Diode, Thyristor, MOSFET, IGBT: I-V Characteristics; Firing circuit for thyristor; Voltage and current commutation of a thyristor; Gate drive circuits for MOSFET and IGBT.

Module-II: Thyristor rectifiers

Single-phase half-wave and full-wave rectifiers, Single-phase full-bridge thyristor rectifier with R-load and highly inductive load; Three-phase full-bridge thyristor rectifier with R-load and highly inductive load; Input current wave shape and power factor.

Module-III: DC-DC buck converter

Elementary chopper with an active switch and diode, concepts of duty ratio and average voltage, power circuit of a buck converter, analysis and waveforms at steady state, duty ratio control of output voltage.

Module-IV: DC-DC boost converter

Power circuit of a boost converter, analysis and waveforms at steady state, relation between duty ratio and average output voltage.

Module-V: Single-phase voltage source inverter

Power circuit of single-phase voltage source inverter, switch states and instantaneous output voltage, square wave operation of the inverter, concept of average voltage over a switching cycle, bipolar sinusoidal modulation and unipolar sinusoidal modulation, modulation index and output voltage Power circuit of a three-phase voltage source inverter, switch states, instantaneous output voltages, average output voltages over a sub-cycle, three-phase sinusoidal modulation

Books:

- M. H. Rashid, "Power electronics: circuits, devices, and applications", Pearson Education India, 2009.
- N. Mohan and T. M. Undeland, "Power Electronics: Converters, Applications and Design", John Wiley & Sons, 2007.
- R. W. Erickson and D. Maksimovic, "Fundamentals of Power Electronics", Springer Science & Business Media, 2007.
- L. Umanand, "Power Electronics: Essentials and Applications", Wiley India, 2009.

Power Electronics

Module-I: Power switching devices

Diode, Thyristor, MOSFET, IGBT: I-V Characteristics; Firing circuit for thyristor; Voltage and current commutation of a thyristor; Gate drive circuits for MOSFET and IGBT.

Module-II: Thyristor rectifiers

Single-phase half-wave and full-wave rectifiers, Single-phase full-bridge thyristor rectifier with R-load and highly inductive load; Three-phase full-bridge thyristor rectifier with R-load and highly inductive load; Input current wave shape and power factor.

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Elementary chopper with an active switch and diode, concepts of duty ratio and average voltage, power circuit of a buck converter, analysis and waveforms at steady state, duty ratio control of output voltage.

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Power circuit of a boost converter, analysis and waveforms at steady state, relation between duty ratio and average output voltage.

Module-V: Single-phase voltage source inverter

Power circuit of single-phase voltage source inverter, switch states and instantaneous output voltage, square wave operation of the inverter, concept of average voltage over a switching cycle, bipolar sinusoidal modulation and unipolar sinusoidal modulation, modulation index and output voltage Power circuit of a three-phase voltage source inverter, switch states, instantaneous output voltages, average output voltages over a sub-cycle, three-phase sinusoidal modulation

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- N. Mohan and T. M. Undeland, "Power Electronics: Converters, Applications and Design", John Wiley & Sons, 2007.
- R. W. Erickson and D. Maksimovic, "Fundamentals of Power Electronics", Springer Science & Business Media, 2007.
- L. Umanand, "Power Electronics: Essentials and Applications", Wiley India, 2009.

Electrical Machines-I

REE4C002 Electrical Machines-I

Module-I: Magnetic fields and magnetic circuits

Review of magnetic circuits - MMF, flux, reluctance, inductance; review of Ampere Law and Biot Savart Law; Visualization of magnetic fields produced by a bar magnet and a current carrying coil - through air and through a combination of iron and air; influence of highly permeable materials on the magnetic flux lines.

Module-II: Electromagnetic force and torque

B-H curve of magnetic materials; flux-linkage vs current characteristic of magnetic circuits; linear and nonlinear magnetic circuits; energy stored in the magnetic circuit; force as a partial derivative of stored energy with respect to position of a moving element; torque as a partial derivative of stored energy with respect to angular position of a rotating element. Examples - galvanometer coil, relay contact, lifting magnet, rotating element with eccentricity or saliency

Module-III: DC machines

Basic construction of a DC machine, magnetic structure - stator yoke, stator poles, pole-faces or shoes, air gap and armature core, visualization of magnetic field produced by the field winding excitation with armature winding open, air gap flux density distribution, flux per pole, induced EMF in an armature coil. Armature winding and commutation - Elementary armature coil and commutator, lap and wave windings, construction of commutator, linear commutation Derivation of back EMF equation, armature MMF wave, derivation of torque equation, armature reaction, air gap flux density distribution with armature reaction.

Module-IV DC machine - motoring and generation

Armature circuit equation for motoring and generation, Types of field excitations - separately excited, shunt and series. Open circuit characteristic of separately excited DC generator, back EMF with armature reaction, voltage build-up in a shunt generator, critical field resistance and critical speed. V-I characteristics and torque-speed characteristics of separately excited, shunt and series motors. Speed control through armature voltage. Losses, load testing and back-to-back testing of DC machines

Module-V Transformers

Principle, construction and operation of single-phase transformers, equivalent circuit, phasor diagram, voltage regulation, losses and efficiency Testing - open circuit and short circuit tests, polarity test, back-to-back test, separation of hysteresis and eddy current losses Three-phase transformer - construction, types of connection and their comparative features, Parallel operation of single-phase and three-phase transformers, Autotransformers - construction, principle, applications and comparison with two winding transformer, Magnetizing current, effect of nonlinear B-H curve of magnetic core material, harmonics in magnetization current, Phase conversion - Scott connection, three-phase to six-phase conversion, Tap-changing transformers - No-load and on-load tap-changing of transformers, Three-winding transformers. Cooling of transformers.

Books:

- A. E. Fitzgerald and C. Kingsley, "Electric Machinery", New York, McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
- A. E. Clayton and N. N. Hancock, "Performance and design of DC machines", CBS Publishers, 2004.
- M. G. Say, "Performance and design of AC machines", CBS Publishers, 2002.
- P. S. Bimbhra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 2011.
- I. J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, "Electric Machines", McGraw Hill Education, 2010.

Digital Signal Processing

REE4G001 Digital Signal Processing

Module - I Discrete Time System: Basic Discrete Time Signals and their classifications, Discrete time systems and their classifications, Stability of discrete time system, Analysis and response (convolution

sum) of discrete -time linear LTI system, Recursive and Non-recursive discrete time system, impulse response of LTI system, Correlation of discrete time Signal.

Module -II Z-Transform and Its Application to the Analysis of LTI Systems: Z-Transform, Direct Z-Transform, Properties of the Z-Transform, Inverse Z-Transform, Inversion Z-Transform by Power Series Expansion, Inversion of the Z-Transform by Partial-Fraction Expansion, Analysis of Linear Time- Invariant Systems in the z-Domain.

Module -III Discrete Fourier Transform: Frequency-Domain Sampling and Reconstruction of Discrete-Time Signals, Discrete Fourier Transform, DFT as a Linear Transformation, Relationship of DFT to other Transforms, Properties of DFT: Periodicity, Linearity, and Symmetry Properties, Multiplication of Two DFTs and Circular Convolution, Use of DFT in Linear Filtering, Filtering of Long Data Sequences. Efficient Computation of DFT: FFT Algorithms, Direct Computation of the DFT, Radix-2 FFT Algorithms, Decimation-In-Time (DIT), Decimation-In-Time (DIF).

Module - IV Structure and Implementation of FIR and IIR Filter: Structure for the Realization of Discrete-Time Systems, Structure of FIR Systems: Direct- Form Structure, Cascade-Form Structure, Frequency- Sampling Structure, Design of FIR Filters: Symmetric and Antisymmetric FIR Filters, Design of Linear-Phase FIR Filters by using Windows, Design of Linear-Phase FIR Filters by Frequency-Sampling Method. Structure for IIR Systems: Direct-Form Structure, Signal Flow Graphs and Transposed Structure, Cascade-Form Structure, Parallel-Form Structure. Design of IIR Filters from

Module - V Analog Filters: IIR Filter Design by Impulse Invariance, IIR Filter Design by the Bilinear Transformation. Basic adaptive filter: Structure of Adaptive FIR filter, System Modeling and Inverse Modeling, Matlab realization of DFT, FFT, Z-transform, IIR, FIR and adaptive filter.

Books:

- Digital Signal Processing – Principles, Algorithms and Applications by J. G. Proakis and D. G. Manolakis, Pearson.
- Digital Signal Processing: Tarun Kumar Rawat, Oxford University Press.
- Digital Signal Processing – S. Salivahan, A. Vallavraj and C. Gnanapriya, Tata McGrawHill.

- Digital Signal Processing – Manson H. Hayes (Schaum’s Outlines) Adapted by Subrata Bhattacharya, Tata McGraw Hill.
- Digital Signal Processing - Dr. Shalia D. Apte, Willey Publication

Organisational Behaviour

ROB4E002 ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

3 CREDITS

Module-I:

Fundamentals of OB: Definition, scope and importance of OB, Relationship between OB and the individual, Evolution of OB, Theoretical framework (cognitive), behavioristic and social cognitive), Limitations of OB.

Module-II:

Attitude: Importance of attitude in an organization, Right Attitude, Components of attitude, Relationship between behavior and attitude, Developing Emotional intelligence at the workplace, Job attitude, Barriers to changing attitudes.

Personality and values: Definition and importance of Personality for performance, The Myers-Briggs Type Indicator and The Big Five personality model, Significant personality traits suitable to the workplace (personality and job – fit theory), Personality Tests and their practical applications.

Perception: Meaning and concept of perception, Factors influencing perception, Selective perception, Attribution theory, Perceptual process, Social perception (stereotyping and halo effect).

Motivation: Definition & Concept of Motive & Motivation, The Content Theories of Motivation (Maslow’s Need Hierarchy & Herzberg’s Two Factor model Theory), The Process Theories (Vroom’s expectancy Theory & Porter Lawler model), Contemporary Theories – Equity Theory of Work Motivation.

Module-III:

Foundations of Group Behavior: The Meaning of Group & Group behavior & Group Dynamics, Types of Groups, The Five – Stage Model of Group Development.

Managing Teams: Why Work Teams, Work Teams in Organization, Developing Work Teams, Team Effectiveness & Team Building.

Leadership: Concept of Leadership, Styles of Leadership, Trait Approach Contingency Leadership Approach, Contemporary

leadership, Meaning and significance of contemporary leadership, Concept of transformations leadership, Contemporary theories of leadership, Success stories of today's Global and Indian leaders.

Module-IV:

Organizational Culture : Meaning & Definition of Organizational Culture, creating & Sustaining Organizational Culture, Types of Culture (Strong vs. Weak Culture, Soft Vs. Hard Culture & Formal vs. Informal Culture), Creating Positive Organizational Culture, Concept of Workplace Spirituality.

Module-V:

Organizational Change: Meaning, Definition & Nature of Organizational Change, Types of Organizational Change, Forces that acts as stimulants to change.

Implementing Organizational Change : How to overcome the Resistance to Change, Approaches to managing Organizational Change, Kurt Lewin's-Three step model, Seven Stage model of Change & Kotter's Eight-Step plan for Implementing Change, Leading the Change Process, Facilitating Change, Dealing with Individual & Group Resistance, Intervention Strategies for Facilitating Organizational Change, Methods of Implementing Organizational Change, Developing a Learning Organization.

Books:

1. Understanding Organizational Behaviour, Parek, Oxford
2. Organizational Behaviour, Robbins, Judge, Sanghi, Pearson.
3. Organizational Behaviour, K. Awathappa, HPH.
4. Organizational Behaviour, VSP Rao, Excel
5. Introduction to Organizational Behaviour, Moorhead, Griffin, Cengage.
6. Organizational Behaviour, Hitt, Miller, Colella, Wiley